

FOUNDATION CLASSES → Basic concepts, logical things, Do's & Don'ts  
(2-3 classes) ↳ Alphabets

\* TOP 90 → IAS ⇒ Descent score in the subject

\* Never deviate from the exam, syllabus [YOU DON'T HAVE TO BECOME A PHILOSOPHER]

\* Your personal philosophy and views are not needed here

\* we have a well structured and defined syllabus, nothing has ever come out of it.

\* Thinkers → [ ] ↳ understand it [No space for your views]  
↑ ↳ mentioned in syllabus.

PAPER I

PAPER II / second part (philosophy of religion)

Ex Proof for the existence of God → use the arguments of Thinkers, not yours.

① Be like a Blank sheet

② we will not proceed by having a presumption (Because you should be)  
absolute zero

③ When you ask a question ⇒ you are imposed [Have some substance before it]  
ask it at an appropriate time. [see → Read → Struggle → Now Ask]

④ No prior reading, (advancing alone will be injurious)

⑤ competitive advantages of Philosophy.

• Less syllabus • No current updates (essence can't change)  
⇒ philosophy of governance can't change

Paper I is just like MATHS

• Purely logical, you don't need to mug up.

if conceptual clarity is there then you can write in your own words  
'using the terminologies he used'

• No writing skill is needed, its just like a derivation [Top - Bottom]

↳ P1; PII/2 PII, → democracy, Justice, women issues  
(preparing for essay, thus are needed.)

• Short syllabus ⇔ short cut, less work

↳ More hard work [20 Revisions before Mains]

(You will say this on the stage after  
getting a Rank)

Mains → clorit think and write ; you write and think

∴ This should be the level of preparation? ✓

→ Stick to the close cut objective throughout the preparation.

Keep aside your this and that start from zero.

If you work hard then success will be yours. → surely ✓

→ Course → 2.5 months (MON-FRI) Sometimes on (SAT)

\* First digest → understand → Revise → Write test → Revise again

Then ask for  
a Book

Completely Mugged up ← ←

— x — x — x — x — x — x — x — x —

PHILOSOPHY

PHILOSOPHER ≈ CHILD

?? Begins with curiosity when? How? Why? inquisitiveness

You have entered in the world of philosophy

en: How come this nature is working, seasons occurring  
why do we have dreams

If he has a question ⇒ he tries to find the answer

Realm Of WONDER (???) → Answer

DICT. → Search for truth

enthusiastic of everything (even puts hand in fire, play with snake)

en: Just recall the activities of a child → full of wonder

He is trying to know something (come from 1 world to another)

If you give him a pen, he will take what is this, who is this

it in his mouth (∴ this is his only sense of knowing)

PHILOSOPHER → Asks lot - Brain is developed → he properly seeks the Ans.

child → Adult (Conditioned by the Society, taking things as granted)

like a 1yr child till his death.

Newton → sitting in the park, Apple fell, he jumped and started asking.

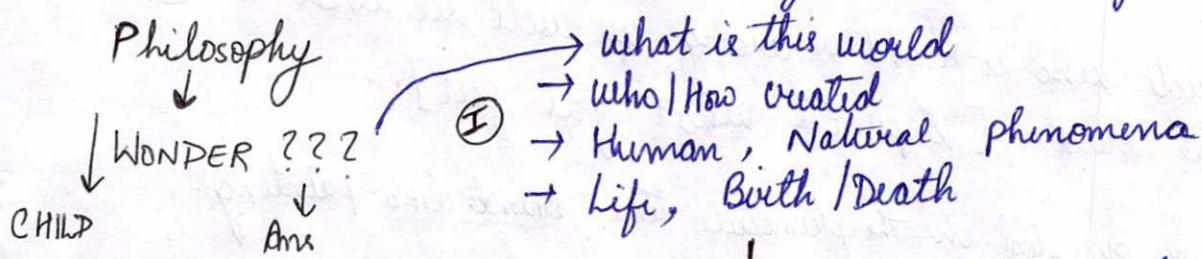
Apple didn't fall for the first time but it came into the notice of a inquisitive person (not a conditioned being)  
(Sleepless nights → law of gravitation)

⇒ Newton the greatest scientist was a philosopher.

You think, explore → raise qsn → find  
research ← write ↴ ✓  
paper

↳ mother of all subjects  
i.e. Ph.D. → highest degree.

↳ This is how a discipline progresses. [lets categorize the Qsns]



Some people ask, some return to main stream

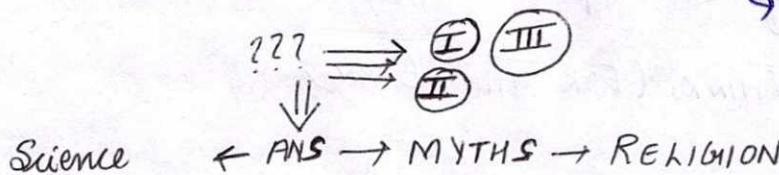
Bhimbulka → paintings → They were thinking [LAD, Supernatural powers]

Associated these things to Myths → Took shape of Religion

e.g. Rain → Visualised Lord of Rain → Indra

someone else (logical)

↳ in this Bucket there was water ?? ⇒ it evaporated, came down as Rain



Observation  
Experimentation  
Verification

② what is gender equality / discrimination / empowerment / caste  
↓ ANS impact of globalisation

SOCIOLOGY

③ what is good governance? How to realise it? Democracy?  
Rights, duties. ↓ ANS

IV How we ought to live / behave in the Society, family, Gov, myself  
Happiness?

(I)

Scientist  
↓ surplus time to think  
this speculation is also logical, powerful

speculation  
Imagination  
flight of thought  
~~~~~  
unwritable

→ SYLLABUS OF PAPER I

Beyond experience (metaphysics) ↗ God  
↓ hell heaven

Paper I → metaphysics → Related to a  
(speculation) thinker

we will not talk about speculative superstition, we will talk about logical speculation.

We don't decide who is right or wrong, we will see what he said and why he said. [Separate what you feel] ✓

→ even people were puzzled in the primitive time, Bhimbedika painting.

Man is not a machine, he thinks ✓

This speculation was part-time work of those scientists, poets etc but since they were famous, it became a matter of study.

→ This is my speculation, you may agree or you may not.

↳ There is no fight for right or wrong.

↳ This is the Syllabus of our Paper I.

→ WE DON'T NEED TO THINK (FOR THIS EXAM)

→ sociology - 'is' socio political, economic factors → women condition  
II ↳ "ought to be" male domination Home, Sex etc → , glass ceiling  
Socio-philosophy

→ socio-political-philosophy } paper III

III → "is" → political science

↳ "ought to be"  
Socio-political

↳ despite of following the rules, you can blame me unethical.

↳ Laws were meant for you, when i follow them rigidly, they go against you 'Red tapism'

hence we need to think, how to govern, without breaking the law  
⇒ ethical administrator

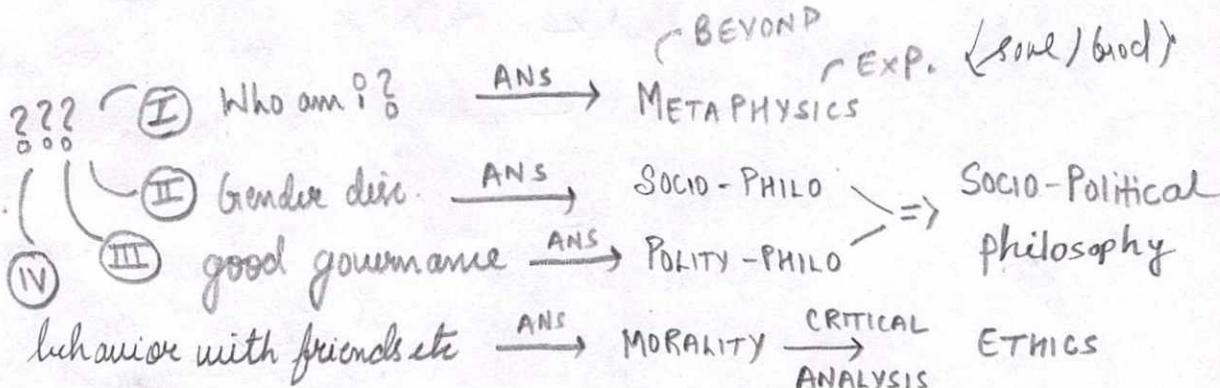
IV How i ought to live → think → philosophy → MORAL PHILOSOPHY

↓ critical examination

ETHICS

-x-x

Think → ???  
Base of philosophy & mother of all subjects



✓ Mind-Map SYLLABUS

"ISVARA PARMAH KRISHNA, SACHIDANANDA VIGRAHA,

ANADIR ADIR GONINDA, SARVA KARAN KARNAM"

Philosopher not only merely seek answers, they seek indepth justification  
Ex A admin. goes to the root of the problem, not sus from a superficial  
 Can corruption can be Justified on any ground??  
 /Rid topic ↓  
 NO

Then what ought to be done → Philosophy  
 Ours → seeking ans/Justification → Modern man

— x — x — x

Questions

- 1) which color do you like → different ans.
  - 2) what is  $2+2 \rightarrow$  same ans
- ⇒ some questions have same and some have different answers.

Something which is based upon experience/empirical  
 is varying anything

1) Emp : Varying ✓

Emphirical

2) Reason : Same ✓

Rational

• 1 ABSOLUTE

Something based upon reason/Rationality is same  
 anything

Everything in this world is relative

3) what make sugar sweet / day a day / smooth smooth / happy / very happy  
 ↓  
 Bitterness      Night      once i experienced changing => absolute  
 Rough      \*\*\* must exist by logic

Everything is continuously changing, Nothing is absolute

Birth => Death ; Creation => Destruction

\*\*\* → needs flight of thought

↳ we will explore, what is that entity

What ought to be?  
 ↓

going to realm of  
 beyond exp. (flight of  
 ↓ thought)

logical speculation  
 (unverifiable)

↓  
 different people will  
 say different things

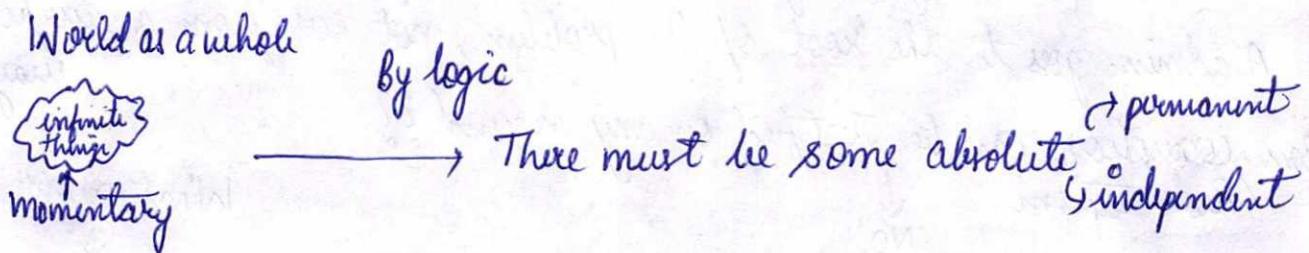
↓  
 No question of right  
 or wrong.

ONLY LOGIC

(The one which is  
 permanent)

(eternal)  
 (uncreated)

We all will search for the absolute, which will be unverifiable  
bcoz if verifiable  $\Rightarrow$  experience  $\Rightarrow$  changing



We will see who's answer is logically sound?

We will never verify.

(1) from numbers  $1 \rightarrow \infty$  which number could exist independently without the use of another.

Ans 1  $\because 2 \rightarrow 1 + 1$  {processing}  $\rightarrow$  Some one is processing.  
He took 1 and another 1 and he added.

However 1 is the only number which is not the product of somebody's mind.

By this analogy we can say that, this ultimate Reality / Absolute should be only 1

World  $\rightarrow \infty$  things

Absolute  $\rightarrow 1$

If any philosopher says more than 1 absolute, then we will read more of its criticism. [ $\because$  they will be inconsistent]

In enam also criticism will come

[ $\because$  initially he has committed a blunder  $\Rightarrow$  rest of his philosophy will be false]

Also someone saying World is Relative & no absolute, they will also become inconsistent.

if we suppose 2 absolute then there must be a relation among them and to explain we need another one if we go on like this  $\Rightarrow n$  things

$\Rightarrow$  Absolute Reality should be 1 + self explainable.

Someone saying "World is relative" → many Absolute  
→ no Absolute } inconsistent

logical → consistent ; illogical → inconsistent (trapped in own theory)

### 3) Absolute

Ultimate Reality

one ✓

### 4) Essence eg Cowness

Q'n) I am a resident of ORN, for me this is the only world; i know nothing about outside → presumption

i only know the things in ORN.

you thought of making joke of me, you brought a cow from a very distant land.  
But i recognized it, now you are stuck up.

what made me realize that this is a cow.

i recognized the element which exists in all the cows.

same for pen and other things

# Everything has some essence.

Cowness, penness

Common character found in all the versions of that category

These 1>2>3>4> will be repeating in future.  
>..>

5) WORLD

Living ✓

Non-living

unconscious / matter

4: EFWA

life / consciousness

Soul / spirit / alma

Body → matter  
Soul → prevails in me

WORLD  
/ \  
Matter Soul

only two things in the world → matter, soul.

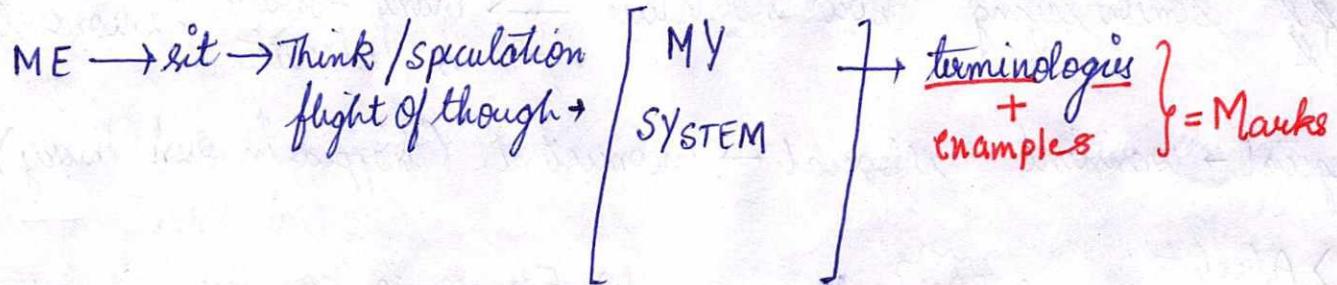
↓

4: EFWA

Earth, Air, Fire, Water; either

made up of atoms

fire atom → light ⇒ eye → fire element  
earth → smell ⇒ nose → earth element



How i will know about someone's "System" ⇒ They will explain with the help of examples.

Philosophers give their philosophy along with their examples.

We will use the same examples in the answers [no creativity]

→ essay  
 Socio political philosophy

6) Analogies (<sup>not own</sup>  
standard) (must be quoted in exams) To get marks

Examples

Become blind follower of that person (hardcore) → to understand any philosopher.

You should not afford to see criticism ✓  
 if you want to understand it in one go.

1) Experience: Varying

2) Logic: Same

3) Absolute: Only one

4) Essence

5) World - soul  
 - matter

6) Analogies: Marks

# INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

Primitive stage  $\xrightarrow[\text{Ans}]{\text{qsm}}$  developed / settled  $\rightarrow$  **ENQUIRE** "WHY HAVE WE COME TO THIS WORLD"

We are here for 4 AIMS (PURUSHARTHAS)

## 1) DHARMA (CODES OF CONDUCT) ✓

laws governing marriage / son / father / divorce & every civil matter  
hence we have many dharma shastras [oldest being - Moral Smriti]  
• no debate only codes change

## 2) ARTHA (SOURCE OF LIVELIHOOD)

I have to adopt a profession to sustain me and my family

[ARTHA - SHASTRA] no debate  $\rightarrow$  people may choose different professions

## 3) KAMA (DESIRSES)

I need pleasure, procreation etc.

VATSAYANA  $\rightarrow$  KAMASUTRA

## 4) MOKSHA \*

1)  $\rightarrow$  4) (supreme)  
2)  
3) means to achieve

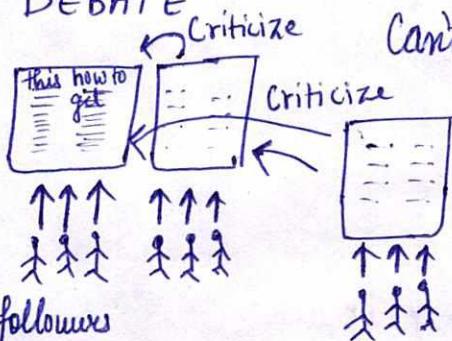
no debate, confusion for 1) 2) 3) unanimous acceptance  
(within them it may be there, but not as a Whole)

4) MOKSHA  $\rightarrow$  ? on itself  $\rightarrow$  No need

crudely liberation after death

→ Need  $\begin{cases} \text{path 1} \\ \text{path 2} \\ \vdots \\ \text{path 'N'} \end{cases}$

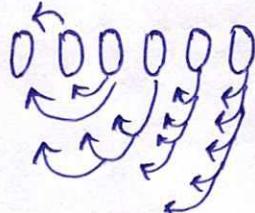
INTENSE DEBATE



Can't be verified  $\rightarrow$  part of meta physics (beyond our experience)

Speculation  $\rightarrow$  Subjectively

debate and Counter debate



DISCUSSING ONLY, MOKSHA

6 Schools of IP

$\rightarrow$  SAMKHYA

$\rightarrow$  YOGA

$\rightarrow$  NYAYA

$\rightarrow$  VAISESIKA

$\rightarrow$  MIMAMSA

$\rightarrow$  VEDANTA

**ORTHODOX : ASTIKA**

↳ Belief in authority of 'Vedas'

All are discussing Moksha/Nirvana.

# 6 WAYS TO ATTAIN MOKSHA (we will get it 6 times 😊)

Others were reactionary to Vedas

→ BUDDHISM (NON-VIOLENCE)

→ JAINISM

HETERO  
DOX

6<sup>th</sup> century BC

IQSN in PRE INCERT

Vedic system was based upon sacrifices and rituals.

↑  
of animals? Violence

Mahajanapadas were forming  
⇒ War

Socio-economic political system → Indian system has taken <sup>new</sup> phase

8 schools discussing MOKSHA

9<sup>th</sup>, is it confirmed? if not then why to waste time

i can't have this opportunity, i will enjoy it now only

i am here to seek pleasure and enjoy.

→ CARVAKA

## 4 PURUSHARTHAS

1) DHARMA

2) ARTHA

3) KAMA

4) MOKSHA → Metaphysics → Speculation + subjective

→ Unanimous acceptance

debate Counter debate

ORTH VEDAV  
HETRO VEDA

No Need

'CHARVAKA'

SMKHYA

YOGA

NYAYA

VAISESIKA

VEDANTA

MIMAMSA

JAINISM

BUDDHISM

$$6+2+1=9$$

Logics  
terminologies  
Criticism  
Appreciation } → marks

Metaphysics: Theory of Reality (Broader definition)

Science  
(atom)  
(DEV)

speculation (not verifiable)

speculative metaphysics

Real + imperishable  
science / independent

which is verifiable  
(atom)

Scientific metaphysics

↳ OUR POINT OF CONCERN ✓

(someone who explains by nature, natural metaphysics)

Q1 What is Reality? → Q2 How do you know? ✓  
 ↓  
Metaphysics                                                          ↓  
Epistemology =

Scout-MP  
Source: Eps

means to know that → epistemology  
what is that → metaphysics

Ex God is supreme, I came to know this by intuition  
 M                                                                                                  E

Jesus came in my dream and gave me some principles  
 E                                                                                                          M

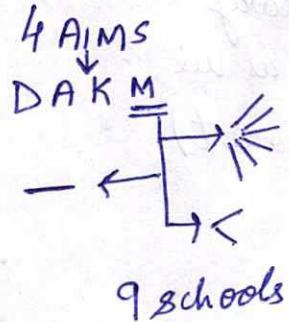
What → M

I got to know about atom via microscope  
 M                                                                                          E

How → E

Lord Vishnu is supreme I came to know via B.G.  
 M                                                                                                  E

-x -x -  
 Indian philo:-



All these are discussing  
only one issue.

"MOKSHA"

↳ Liberation : Freedom  
 "of whom"?      ↳ "from what?"

## Liberation: Freedom

"  
" Of whom ? "

Human Being

Body  
↓  
Matter  
↓  
Atom

( liable to destruction  
& its unconscious )

X

Soul (atma)  
consciousness

intrinsic/nature  
inherent/true/original  
pure/perfect/free  
blissfull

Afflicted with

( Beginning less ) — IGNORANCE  
when it started  
we are not aware

Result

Vulnerable: passions  
anger, greed, pride, cravings  
Ego

I → product of ignorance

i did this That

forgotten our true nature  
I am perfect → ego is saying ( as long as we  
are ignorant )  
due to ignorance

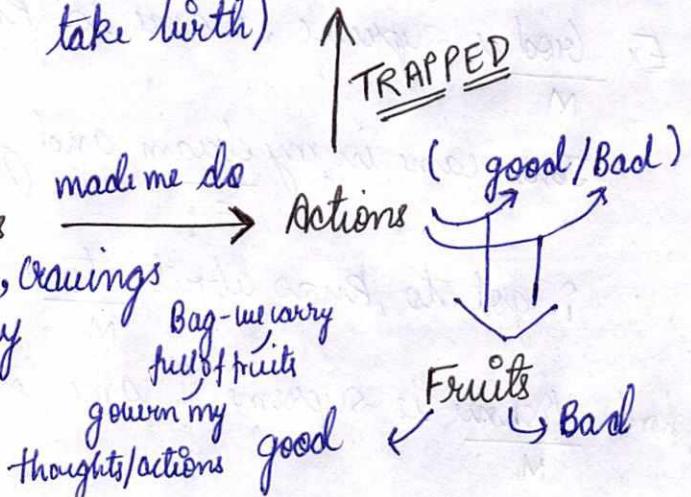
" From what ? "

Bondage: cycle of birth and death.

1 Birth itself implies death,  
this world is full of suffering  
Happiness ⇒ Sadness ( logic )  
( ∵ everything  
is relative )

: World : suffering

( The moment I know this thing  
I will strive that even I don't  
take birth )



CRUX of IP

MOKSHA

We take birth only to  
eat fruits  
" we are simply eating  
fruits "

" No fruits - no coming "

↓  
out of the cycle of birth  
and death

↓  
end of suffering

eating fruits → along with doing actions (motivated by ignorance)

EATING + ACCUMULATING → Never ending

↓ if i could stop this

eat → finish → end

→ How to do this?

↓ What is the root cause  
of Bondage

this can be  
done by  
attaining

← i have to remove this  
ignorance

← IGNORANCE

"KNOWLEDGE" → 8 SHOPS ARE OPEN FOR THIS. ——————  
not continued  
↓ go to  
9th shop  
only aim  
pleasure.

"We are not concerned with who is right / wrong" - ∵ its not verifiable  
only see How many Questions have been asked. - speculation

"We'll see only who is logical and who is illogical"

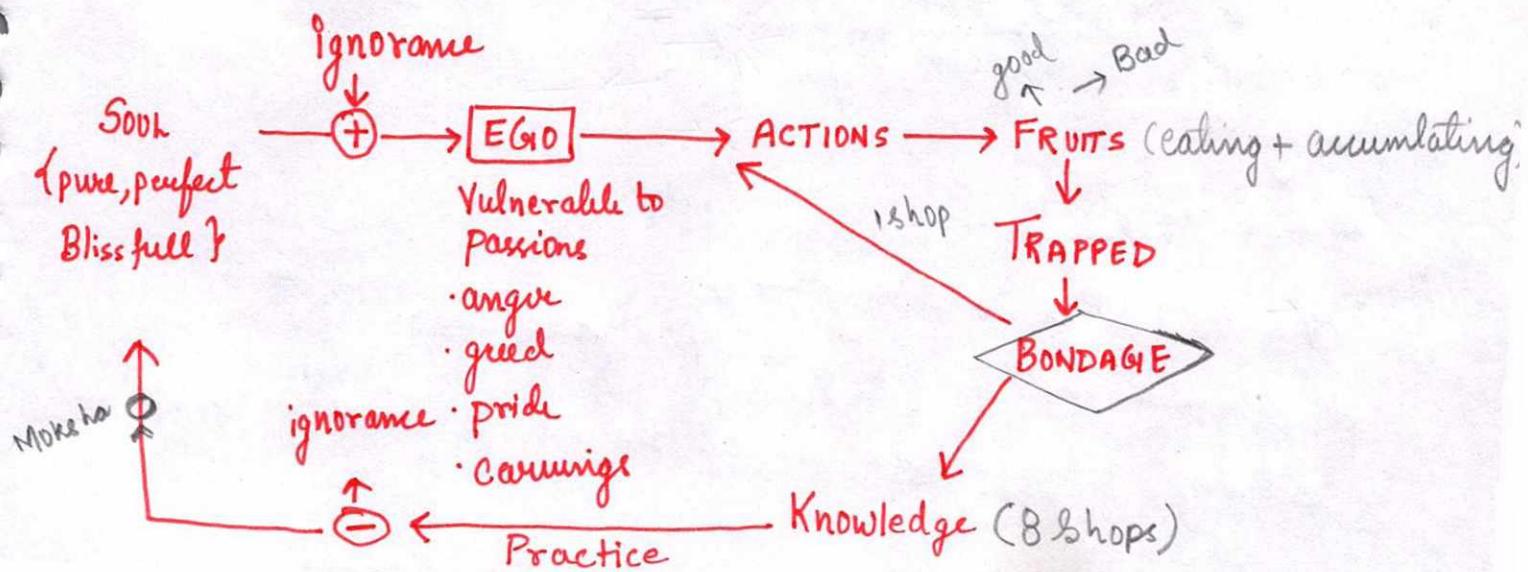
# only concepts will save us, correlation, superficial knowledge won't  
like in  
MAINS 2018

-x — x — x —

Phonetics gyan - jñāna (we are not concerned about them)  
Shlokas also not needed.

(concept and content) → Needful

— END OF THE FOUNDATION CLASS —



# JAINISM

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Derived from the word JINA

↳ Conqueror of the lower self (Loving, passions etc)

TIRTHANKARAS → 24 teachers (liberated beings, who can teach us)

1<sup>st</sup> Rishab

23<sup>rd</sup>: Parshwanath (Kshatriya)

6 century  
B.C

24<sup>th</sup>: Mahavir Wardhaman (Kshatriya) (Belonged to Royal family)  
Having lots of questions      Married → daughter

set out in the search of the truth

After many years he attained right knowledge (Kevalya gyana)

⇒ The actions he will perform, will not reap fruits

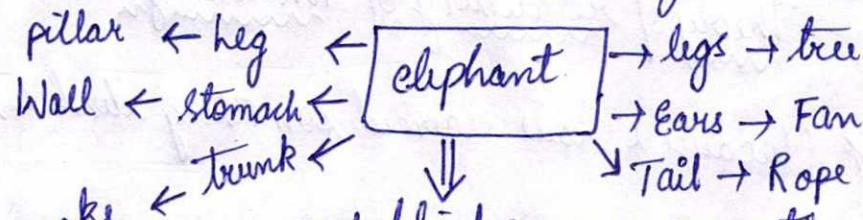
ex: Ah removed from the matchstick

↓  
Now a liberated being.

We are concerned with their philosophy (Not religion)

Standard example: Elephant and blindfolds

Can't see how elephant looks, only sensation is medium



each blind sees own perspective and claims that all others are wrong. They mistake partial knowledge to be complete hence they are fighting among themselves.

A distant observer feels that whatever they are saying is true but not in completeness but in individuality.

6 Blinds → 6 ways

n,, → n,,

JAINAS ↗ A thing has got infinite characters, but ordinary beings like us can know only few characters based upon <sup>our</sup> ~~my~~ perceptions. → in ignorance

Problem:- i find my knowledge to be complete.

Real { Innumerable matter atoms      ✓ Each atom and each soul  
Innumerable individual souls      has infinite characters of own.

### Anekantvada

Theory of manyness of reality.

Reality is  $\infty$  and each thing has infinite characters.

$\infty$  plurality of Reality

↓ An ordinary persons can know only few characters due to its own pt. of view.

Human knowledge: Partial, finite, Relative

Syad vada → This doesn't mean univit-  
Relativity of knowledge      theory      ainity.

Theory of relativity of knowledge.

Ex This the only pen X (because i have claimed something absolute)

This is a pen → no specs → no pen

1<sup>st</sup> Row      1<sup>st</sup> Row (in his society its) → its a weapon  
                ↓      ↓ no light → its stick  
                ↓      ↓ weapon  
(unaware)

What is this?

ARE ALL THESE people Wrong → No

All of them are true according to their perspective.

I can't deny: i don't have complete knowledge (i am in this world)

Q) what is the color of this board?

White → ✓ Yellow → ✓ (may be having some issue)

Thing → ∞ char → we ordinary beings can know only few.

JAINA ↙ whatever you say, kindly mention that I am partially ✓  
whatever you assert ↘ it should be qualified by "Syat" ↗ correct.  
"Syat" this is pen Relatively speaking.

" " " stick

" " " weapon

" " " nothing

You can't assert anything  
absolutely ∵ everything in this  
world is relative.

ABSOLUTE ASSERTION  $\xrightarrow{\text{leads to}} \text{INVALID JUDGEMENT}$  (DURNITY)

PARTIAL KNOWLEDGE  $\xrightarrow{\text{leads to}}$  JUDGEMENT (true)  
(NYAYA) (NYAYA)

NYAYA + SYATA → Relativity of Knowledge

JAINA → ANEKANTVADA

plurality of Reality / characters

elephant has ∞ char. A → Theory of maniness of reality  
you know only one S → Theory of relativity of knowledge

Hare Nama Hare Nama Hare Nama eva Kevalam  
Kevala Nasti ana Nasti ana Nasti ana Briha Anyatha

- chant Hare Krishna and Be happy

Elephant and blinds, different blinds different observations.

JAINA → There are  $\infty$  Reals and each real has  $\sigma$  characters.

↳ We are ordinary beings : we are ignorant  $\Rightarrow$  i just can't know all the characters of one thing. Beqz if i know  $\Rightarrow$  i know all the char. of all things  $\Rightarrow$  i am omniscient which is wrong.

Q) What is Jainas philosophy? (quot it)

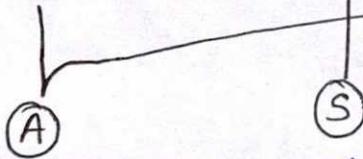
✓ "Realistic and Relativistic pluralism"  $R+P \rightarrow A$   
 Realistic  $\rightarrow$  Relativistic  $\rightarrow S$

Reality is many  $\rightarrow$  Anekantvada  $\rightarrow$  Theory of manyness of Reality

However this many folded reality is relative  $\rightarrow$  Syadavada  $\rightarrow$  Theory of Relativity of knowledge.

Two sides of coin

### Realistic and Relativistic pluralism



Theory of manyness  
of Reality

Metaphysical

Theory of Relativity of Knowledge  
Epistemology and logical side

Q) discuss metaphysics of Jainas?

The entire Jainas philosophy ( $\because A$  can't be explained in isolation)

$-x \rightarrow x \rightarrow -$

Absolute assertion leads to falling. : DURNITY, INVALID JUDGEMENT

NAYA: point of view (1)

A pen has  $\infty$  NAYA

A Judgement based on NAYA is also NAYA

hence Jainas say, use the word "syata: Relatively speaking"

if i can synthesis all the point of views, i can go near to reality

NAYA  $\rightarrow$  alone

Syat NAYA  $\rightarrow$  Related to other NAYA

Head and tail are related to each other but they can't be same.

(A) (S)

① Absolute assertion : DURNITY

③ NAYA + SYATA → Pramana

② Just a point of view : ~~NAYA~~ NAYA

Valid judgment

This is the only pen : DURNITY

This is pen : NAYA

elephant is like pillar : NAYA

elephant is only like pillar : DURNITY

Relatively it is like pillar : Pramana

Reality is infinitely complex also i am ignorant

TAINA → Absolute assertion and negation both are wrong.

(A)

(S)

infinite characters

Permanent, essential  
non-changing

impermanent  
non-essential  
changing

GUANAS / ATTRIBUTES

PARYAYA / MODES

when you see from GUANAS point of view → Sir you are not changing at all  
,, ,,, ,,, PARYAYA ,,, ,,, → ,, ,,, continuously changing.

G → Gold point of view GUANAS NAYA

P → Body point of view . PARYAYA's NAYA

En Gold → yellow, lustre

↳ ornaments, bangles, chain

e.g. pen  
ink - G  
color - P

you are right from your p.o.v , I am right from my p.o.v.



Where NAYA is qualified by SYATA, we get

## 7 Judgments

1) Syat asti : Relatively a thing is realistic

2) Syat nasti : Relatively a thing is unrealistic

3) Syat asti nasti : (does not exist) ↑

3) Syat asti nasti : A thing is both real and unreal

Ex 1 person, 2 kids

1) This person is the father

2) " " " not, " "

3) He is father and he is not.

Ans ∵ it's for diff things (he is the father of 1 but not of 2)

4) Syat avaktyam: Relatively a thing is indescribable. (AVAKTYAM)

Q) what is the color of the pot?

clay (Brown) → Bake (Red) → paint (yellow) → faded.

∴ its continuously changing, whatever you will say will not be sufficient to describe it.

Eg: Reality is complex: its beyond my mind, even language is finite ∵ its made by us so we can't describe it / bnd by this finite fund of words.

Ex: God → absolute → independent

Me → finite → limited → ignorant  $\xrightarrow{\text{says}}$  God is this much

Even if finite is finite My description is finite, God is much beyond.

my language, words & thoughts are small to describe the absolute.

This (4) is of great philosophical significance / wisdom. ¶¶

They want to say that, all questions can't be answered in Yes/No.

Those things can only be felt but can't be described.

Q) Explain the philosophical significance of Avaktyam?

10/15 Marks  
Anirvachniya

5) Syat Asti Anektyam

6) " Nasti "

7) " Asti Nasti "

1) ... 7) → SAPTABHANGINYAYA : The theory of 7 folded judgment

NAYA → analysis

SYAT → synthesis

Reality can be interpreted in 7 different ways. ⇒ Manyness of Reality

A → Syadvada → Saptā → A

↓  
ANEKANTAVADA

They are the different ~~part~~ aspects of one theory.

A + N → Syad → Saptā → A

Saptā  $\therefore$  (it's a part of syad) → correlation with N → interconnectivity with A.

on ↑

## SYNOPSIS (Our purpose is to digest this small Booklet only)

- I Jaina philosophy is known as Realistic Relativistic pluralism.  
It has two aspects
  - 1) Its metaphysical side is anekantavada i.e. manyness of reality and manyness of characters of a thing i.e. a thing has got infinite dharmas
  - 2) Its logical and epistemological side is syadvada i.e. out of infinite characters, ordinary beings like us, can know only few characters from particular POV i.e. all human knowledge is relative Conditional, limited and finite
- II Hence Anekantavada and syadvada are the two aspects of same philosophy. (cont.)  
NAYA refers to partial knowledge and judgment based on NAYA is also known as NAYA. NAYA simply refers to only (1) particular POV i.e. a particular approach of the knower.
- # So jainas says that all of our judgments and assertions should be qualified with the word syata i.e. relatively speaking.
- # Absolute assertion/negation is invalid judgement i.e. DURVITY
- # NAYA in order to become PRAMANA (Valid Judgement) must be qualified by the syata.
- # Reality is infinitely complex it accepts all opponent predicates (characters) from different POV.
- # With the use of the word "syat", we get theory of 7 folded judgement i.e. Saptabhangi NAYA

In this 4<sup>th</sup> step of judgment i.e "Syat Anaktyam" is of great philosophical value i.e philosophical wisdom does not lie always in affirmative or negative answers, sometimes Somethings are unanswerable or Silence could be the best answer.  
(ex: Buddha remained silent on some issues)

- # Saptabhangi NAVYA logically leads to the manyness of reality
- # It should be clearly noted that Jainas philosophy is not skeptical  
They never talk about the uncertainty of a judgment, they simply emphasize conditional or relative character of our knowledge.  
  

( don't use  $\times$  somehow probable )

Q) They say that all human knowledge is finite, limited? They say ignorance now what this ignorance is doing and how is it working.

Now they want to give justification of syadvada (knowledge is limited)

Ex door of glass (when glass is clear), i can see and recognise the things on the other side. (Transparency and clarity 100%).

if we don't clean it clarity ↓ due to ↑ dust particles.  $\Rightarrow$  opaque finally clarity  $\approx 0\%$ .  
i can only see the shadow.

Similarly, Soul originally (pure, clear, Complete knowledge)  
↓ got afflicted with ignorance

Vulnerability to passions (anger, envy)

↓ Actions → fruits → fruits get accumulated.

JAINAS → fruits are getting stick to the soul.

$\Rightarrow$  level of clarity gets reduced. (Knowledge ↓ (partial) depending upon the fruits)

Thus fruits are obstacle to attain knowledge.

if i want to see clearly again, use (water, dust)

Kept on ~~the~~ cleaning → dust ↓ clarity ↑ similarly knowledge ↑

finally glass regained its clarity

Karmic particles ( $\propto$  Births  $\Rightarrow$  lots of effort is needed)

On on Syadvada write 3-4 lines from here.

- enm is competitive (you have to be different)

finally  
Complete knowledge  
(not syata) //

No Bag  
Moksha

SYNOPSIS :→ Justification for syadavada

Tīra looks faith in tirthankaras due to ignorance and hence becomes vulnerable to passions, these passions attract the flow of Karmic particles which stick to jīva and which causes hindrance in attaining complete knowledge.

Critical Analysis :- (after #)

Is Jainas philosophical system consistent?

amanda dharm  
kam nayak

Realistic and Relativistic pluralism

A → manyness of reality at the same time manyness of characters of reality.

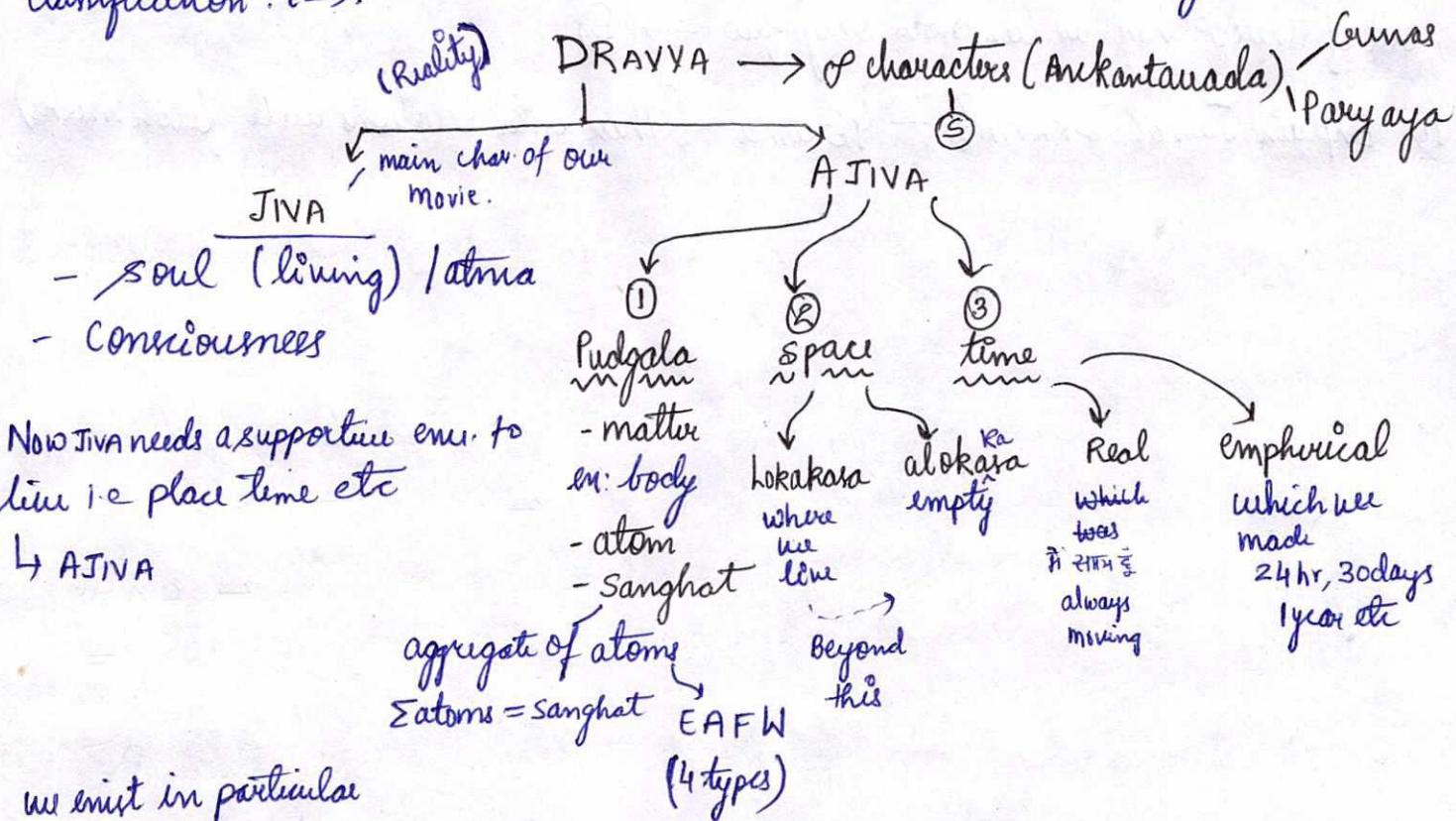
Reality → DRAVYA → SUBSTANCE → CATEGORY

Reality  
DRAVYA

Substances

Categories

Jainas classify these many dravyas into some classification. (2).



6 Things are real  
in this world  
according to  
Jainas.

Condition for movement  
(dynamism)  
eg: fish in water

④  
dharma  
Condition for rest  
(not arresting notion but only providing facility)  
eg: tree in shadow of the resting

DRAVYA → characters  
⑤  
Gunas (permanent)  
Paryaya (changing)

∴ every tree has no shadow.

If we see this world from Gunas POV → this world is permanent (Budhvas)  
Paryaya POV → " " " temporary

→ asserted it absolutely  
=> DURVITY (ekantravaada)  
↓  
only my  
NAYA is  
correct.

Hence buddha has committed - Ksharik  
- ekantauada.

This Jaina felt  
(not universe)

A → Gunas - Vedanta : Brahm ekantauada  
→ Paryaya - Buddha : Ksharik ekantauada

Theological mean  
anekantauada

Both are committing dosity (∴ asserting it to be absolute)

Out of these char. we can know only few → ⑤

Qn) Explain Jainas DRavya? - 45 times (These inter relations will fetch marks)

Taiwas  $\xrightarrow{\text{via}}$  Syaदानादा  $\xrightarrow{\text{presenting}}$  Synthetic Reality.

Whatever we are discussing is a part of RTRP.

what is Real  $\rightarrow$  DRAव्या  $\cup$  JIVA  
 ↓  
 G / P  
 oochar

ATJIVA — P  
 S T AD

V  $\rightarrow$  BE Kantanada  
 B  $\rightarrow$  KE

Q? Is Taiwas system consistent? (Today we will discuss it)

1) Self contradictory  $\rightarrow$  (Aste Nasti)

it's not justified because it's not from same POV.  $\Rightarrow$  critic nullified.

2) Theory of probability  $\rightarrow$

used relatively not probably  $\Rightarrow$  not justifiable

$-x -x$

In foundation class we discussed that the ultimate reality is one.  
 (now we will see its nature)

It must be able to explain this world of manyness of infinity.

(He) (AR)  $\xrightarrow{\text{explain}}$  ( IOT ) One yet explaining many.

$\xleftarrow{\text{dependent}}$

Infinity  
of  
Things.

AR must  
be able to  
explain

Unity in diversity.

One in whole but has many things  
within.

Oneness and must be able to explain manyness.

Body  $\rightarrow$  system  $\rightarrow$  whole

any organ is disturbed the whole system is troubled.

He encompasses everything but he is something more than that.

I am not heart/lungs, i am more than that.

This heart is not me but it is a part and paral of me.

$\hookrightarrow$  no use without body. ( heart is useless without  
body)

$\Sigma$  Schar  $\neq$  Reality

$\Rightarrow \Sigma$  Syat Naya  $\neq$  Reality.

Tirthas missed out absolute Reality.

How you can talk about relativity without absolute.

∴ Relative itself <sup>(CSUPPORTS)</sup> pre-establishes absolute.

They oppose absolute ∵ according to them absolute  $\Rightarrow$  duality

This biasness against absolute makes them inconsistent.

They bluntly rejected absolutism, but on the another hand they said it is only Anekantvada which is the true philosophy.

$\Rightarrow$  You are against absolutism and saying your philosophy is absolute.

Also they said that

"Tirthankars have Kalya gyana" -- syadavada

Naya ————— Pramana



This is

0+0  $\rightarrow$   absolute  $\Rightarrow$  BACKDOOR ENTRY OF  
ABSOLUTALISM

$\Rightarrow$  Half hearted acceptance of absolutism



4)

Naya: analytic  
syat: synthesis

You failed to synthesize the 7  
Scattered judgments.

because you didn't accept absolute  
'higher reality'

En heart + lung + ... + legs = ?

To understand that supreme reality, i can't only focus on the parts.

$\Sigma$  inputs  $\neq$  system

↑  
function is missing

Tyre + handle + ... + Brakes = ? Where is bicycle ○

diversity ✓                      where is unity

unless independently, without ○ no we (abstract)

Your philosophy is inconsistent but we appreciate

Tolerant and Catholic (liberal)

[when i impose something → diversity → ekantavada → don't us in enam

⇒ Terrorism, Racialism. ]

1) self contra

- not justified

2) th. of probability

- not justified

3) absence of  
absolute

strong biasness  
against, bluntly  
reject

4) Naya: analytic

Syst: Synthesis

○ + ○ + ... + ○ = ?

## SYNOPSIS

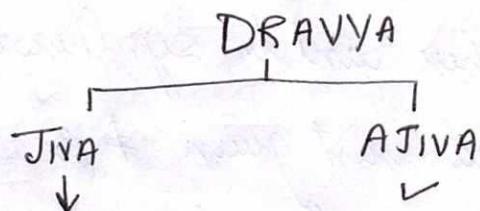
- # Critics reject it as self contradictory because of incompatible char. However it is not justified, because they are not from same POV.
- # Critics say that it is TOP however it is also not justified because Jains focus only on relativity of knowledge.
- # Other schools have made a distinction b/w absolute & relative but Jains have bluntly rejected absolutism.
- # They have forgotten a simple fact that relativity can't be sustained without absolute.
- # However they forget their biases when they assert that their teachings alone represents the whole truth. Their distinction b/w syadvada and Kevalya gyana is nothing but half hearted confession of absolutism.  
In their philosophy of Nayavada there is emphasis on analytic approach to reality, it points out that different view points can be taken. However, in syadvada focus is on the synthetic approach to reality i.e. Jains says that different viewpoints together help us in comprehending the reality.

C

However critics says that there can't be synthesized in the absence of absolute, they have just given 7 scattered forms of Judgments which are not synthesized

2 more in  
Notes

(start reading the booklets)



- JIVA : → Conscious Draavya
- Soul / Atma (as in different schools)
- Consciousness (very essence of jiva)

Jiva is not a thing which consists of consciousness, rather the jiva itself is consciousness (inseparable).

JIVA  $\xrightarrow{\text{essence}}$  consciousness

- Universe filled with 'N' no. of Jivas
  - orderly and harmonious distribution of jivas. (w.r.t degree of conc.)
  - Qualitatively alike but Quantitatively differ.
- w.r.t  
all are conscious                              degree of consciousness differ [Karmic particles]  
[ clarity of mirror [ dust particles ] ]

JIVAS of Jainas similar to MONADS: Hellenity  
PURUSA: Samkhya  
SELF: Ramanuja

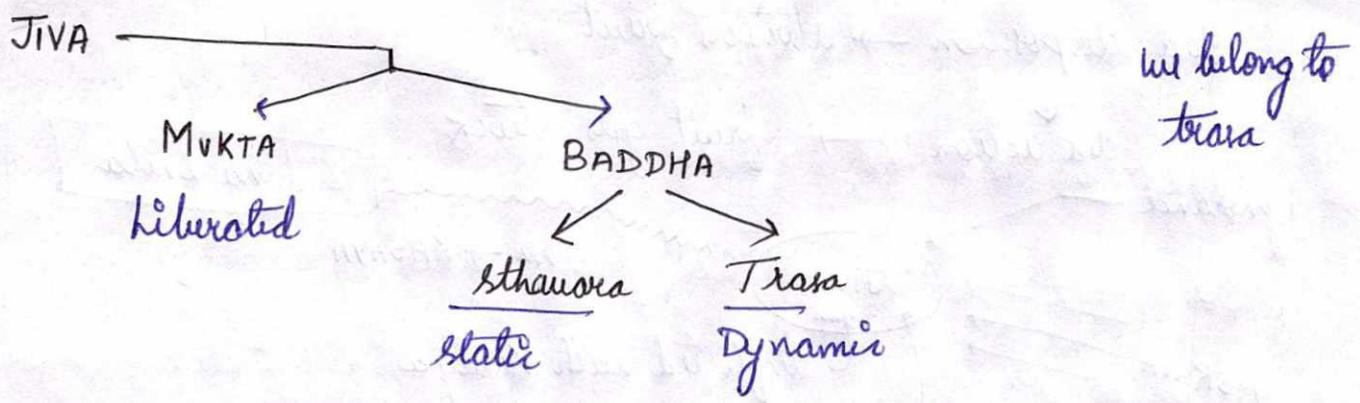
Qualitatively same but quantitatively different

- JIVA's are inherently perfect and they enjoy 4 folded excellence amanta - chatusreya

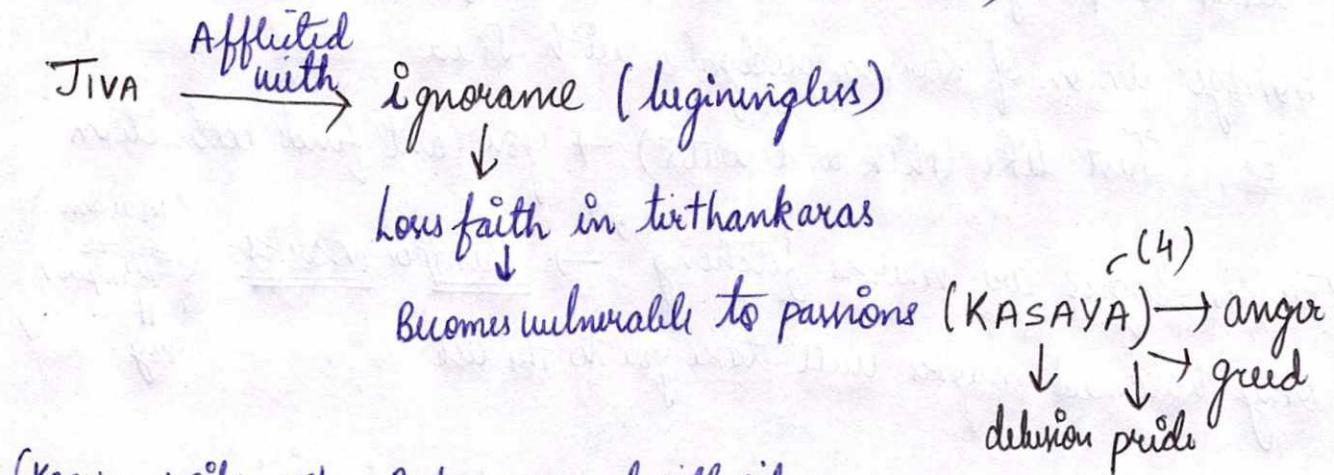
Mo  
[contradict - ali]

Infiniti : Faith  
: knowledge  
: power  
: Bliss

w.r.t  
in Bondage either no AC or ↓ AC due to Karmic particles.



- Jiva occupies space, but not like matter.  
 ↘ like that of light. (light falls in room and takes shape of room)  
 assumes the space of the matter.
- Jiva of. elephant → like elephant  
 " dog → " dog
- Jiva is co-extensive with Body (assumes the shape of body where it resides)



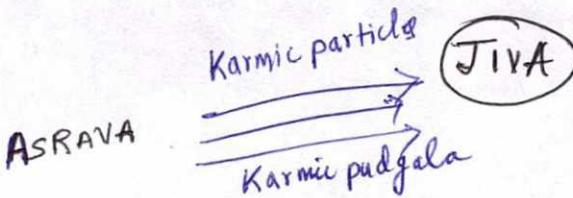
(KASAYA → oily → when Body massaged with oil  
 more vigorously ← sticky  
 dust particles with attach)

dry Body → difficult to attach.

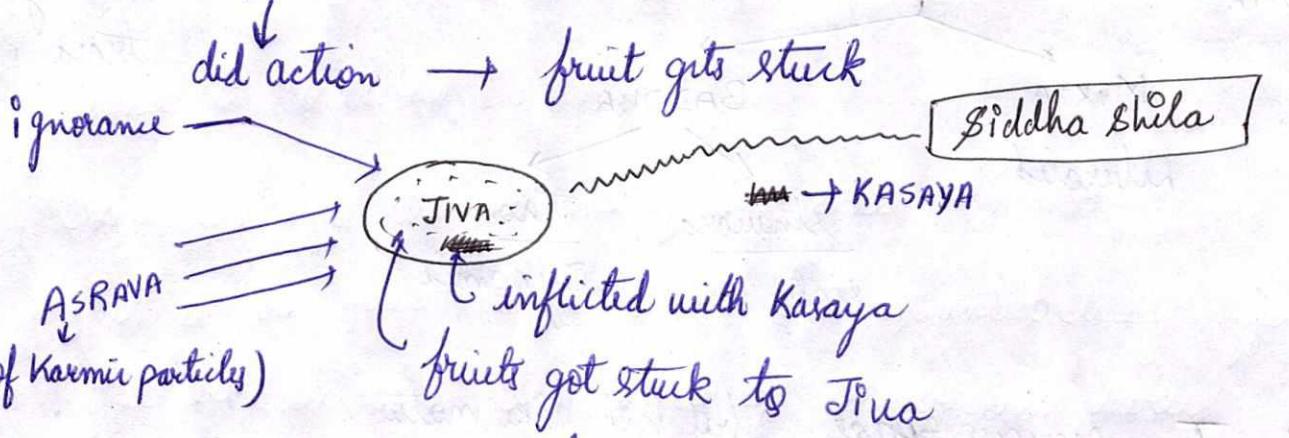
Jiva massaged with KASAYA (sticky oil)

now will attract the form of Karmic particles

(will perform actions under the influence of KASAYA → reap fruits)



Bad disposition → attracts fruit



Karmic particles have stuck to jiva in such a way that i have got this type of body / family etc.

Bad disposition → ASRAVA (some kind of Bondage) (subth)<sup>-Me</sup>  
Bhava asraava

when infiltration started

Draanya avraava

when completely stucked → complete bondage

Bondge: Union of Karma pudgala with Jiva

Ex Just like (Milk and Water) → you can't find distinction.

Terminologies are marks fetching' → Bumpu marks  
only balanced marks will take you to the list

(Maidan  
super  
Bumpu)  
aug.

Liberation: Separation of Karmic particles from jiva.

En window open , dust

first close window then remove

similarly stop the flow of KP + SAMVAR

Then clean KP → ~~AIR~~ NIRJARA

when all KP remained. JIVA regains Anant-chatussaya  
Then JIVA transmigrates and moves to Siddha shila.

Q) Remove Ksaya or ignorance?

Now Kenalya gyana [No syadavada]

This is the Moksha according to JAINAS.  
But How?

Root cause of Bondage → ignorance

Sol<sup>n</sup> → Right Knowledge

attained by Right faith in TIRTHANKARAS

only Knowledge won't help, practice needed i.e. Conduct

"TRI RATNA", "Three Jewels"

(1...5)

- 1) Right Knowledge  
2) Right Faith  
3) Right Conduct  
(1...5)

Path to  
liberation

Siddha Shila

⇒ stopped Asraua, cleaned already existing KP

-x — x — x -

Doctrine of JIVA, Bondage and liberation?  
don't compr

## DOCTRINE OF JIVA

- # Jiva is conscious DRAYA
- # Consciousness is the essence of the soul.
- # All Jivas are qualitatively alike but quantitatively differ  
i.e all are conscious but degree of consciousness varies  
depending upon Karmic particles.
- # They are like MONADS of Leibnitz, PURUSAS of Samkhya and  
SELF of RAMANUJA
- # In its intrinsic nature JIVA enjoys 4 fold excellences  
i.e amrt chatusreya
- # Jiva could be liberated of Buddha. Buddha itself could  
be sthavara i.e static & and tevara i.e dynamic (mobile)  
(immobile)
- # Jiva occupies space like that of light just as light fills  
the space similarly jiva fills the space with many other jivas.
- # Jiva is coextensive with body.
- # TAINAS give direct and indirect proofs of JIVA.
- Bondage
- # Due to ignorance Jiva loses faith in tirthankaras and  
becomes vulnerable to KASAYA (A Bi P D). Then KASAYAS  
are sticky substance which attract the flow of Karmic  
particles towards jiva

- # This flow is ASRAVA.
- # Before Karma pudgala enters jiva, JIVA feels a sort of sensation on account of activities of Body, speech and Mind Kaya yoga, Vag Yoga, Mano yoga .
- # ASRAVA is of 42 kinds .
- # ASRAVA maybe Bhava Asrava and Dravya Asrava i-e before entering and after entering of Karma pudgal , correspondingly Bondage could be Bhava Buddha and Dravya Buddha
- # Hence Bondage means union of Soul with the matter .

### Liberation :

- # logically liberation means separation of matter from soul .
- # By possessing and practising TRI RATNA i-e Right know <sup>conduct</sup> Right faith & Right this ASRAVA is stopped and existing particles are removed . (NIRTHARA) Hence then three jewels together forms the path of liberation .
- # Stopping is SAMVARA and exhausting KP is NIRJARA .
- # When the last particle of Karma is removed , JIVA Regains its true nature and attains Kevalya . It transcends the samsara and straight goes to SIDDHA SHILA .
- # Jainism is primarily an ethical teaching and its aim is the perfection of the soul .

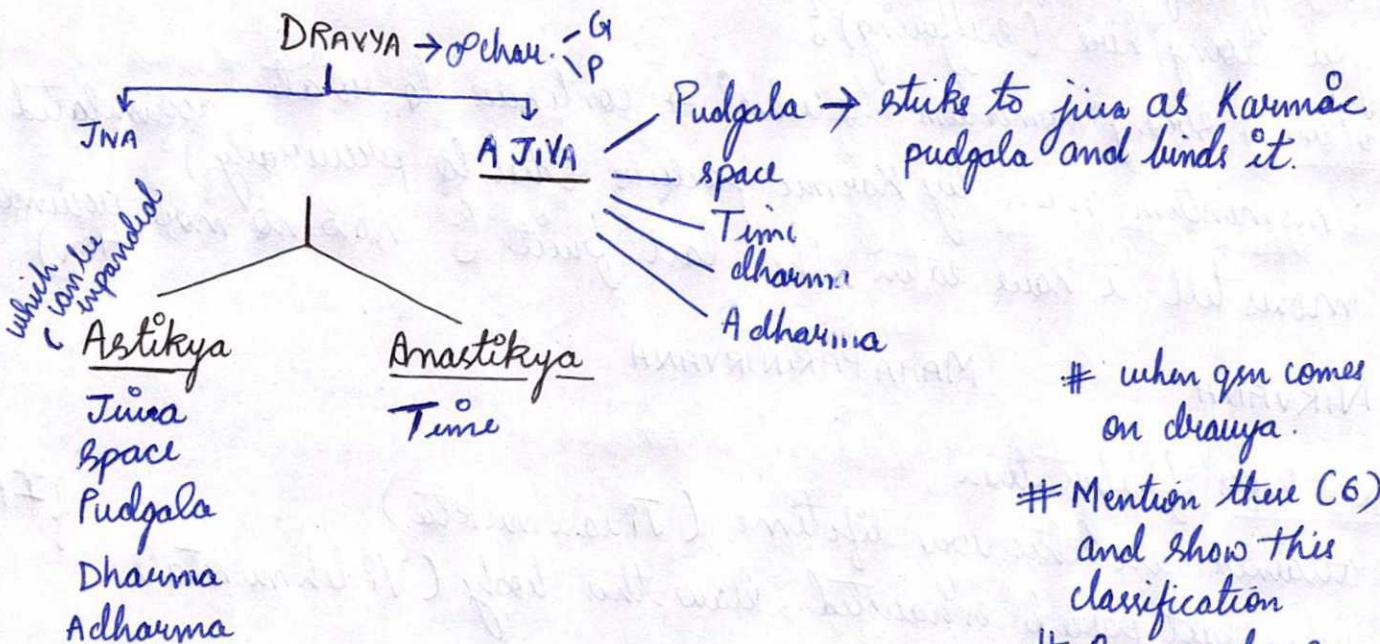
# Jainism philo. Sys. is all about 7 TATVAS  
i.e Realities these are JIVA, AJIVA, ASRAVA,  
BANDH (BADDHA), SAMVARA, NIRJARA and MOKSHA.

→ X →  
P 53  
Read, straight

# HARE KRISHNA

5<sup>th</sup> July 2017

winding up Jainism



# when gm comes on dravya.

# Mention these (6) and show this classification

# Qsn can be on Dravya, Ajaya, pudgala, Astikya, Jiva

## JIVA

conscious dravya

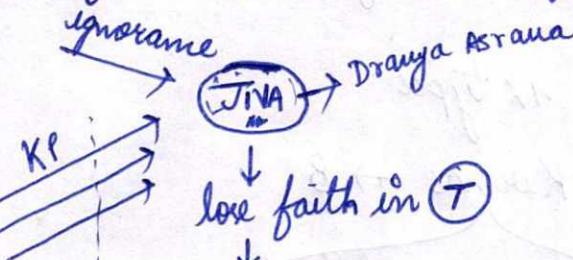
essence: consciousness

ananta chaturtya

Types: B, S, T, M

due to (BD) -  
Akrava -  
B. AS.

qualitatively same  
quantitatively different (ex: of glass)



KASAAYA  
4: AGIPD

Samsara  
Nirjana

perfection of

- 1> Right Knowledge
- 2> Right faith
- 3> Right conduct

↑  
interlinked, perfection of one leads to another.

Moving simultaneously

↓ path of liberation

attains Moksha (Kevalya gyana)

↳ siddha shila (AC)

JM

Bondage: Union

Liberation: Sep.

↓  
now the actions will not be motivated by KASAAYA

(FRUITLESS)

(eg: Match stick)

Mahanir bind for another (30-40) years.

(1) once you got right knowledge (Kunalya gyana) - Then what are you doing here (suffering)?

potter → strong momentum to wheel → continues to rotate

∴ momentum given by Karmic particles (due to previously accumulated)  
mows till i have eaten the last fruit (∴ now no more accumulation)

NIRVANA

MAHA PARINIRVANA

Two types of liberation

(1) attained in this very lifetime (Tuanmukta)

{IP}

(2) when last particle exhausted, leave this body (Vidhmukta)

in Jainum

(1) : Sayogi → he is still with us (no more accumulation)

(2) : Ayogi → only after this he will go to Siddha Shila

Q) does (2) follows (1) always?

# Asrama → 48 types

Type of Karmas → 8

Bhavatiya (4)  
↓  
Harassing  
↓  
directly affect / target  
Jina  
=> ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

knowledge  
perception  
deluding  
obstructing  
in giving charity  
thinking right

Aghavatiya  
↓  
non-harassing  
↓  
Affects the body (not jina)  
Age Body Status feelings

ghatiya → exhausted Kunalya gyana  
but still Aghatiya remaining.  
"Age is not in my hand,  
TR Ratna in my hand"

On came on this

ghatiya removed ⇒  
you will get liberation  
as soon as you finish  
the age.

IP → way of life → Things to be practised  
HP → you can't live that → only discuss, publish papers.

## Question Bank

(1)

→ Introduction:

→ classification JIVA — (2,3 lines)  
AJIVA — 1 line or all

→ another classification AstiRaya & anastikaya

→ schar - A <sup>we know</sup> S  
G P <sup>only few</sup>

"cut/down) on sentences, explanation but not on points)

Buddha vedanta (ekantvada)

These are all the points

These are 250 words we need to write 170

10 dimensions case 1 6 dim. (160 words) (4 marks)

case (2) 10 dim (250 words) (6 marks)

(You try to sum up (10 dim) in 150 words)

[ 20 Rishis, you have the structure in head, you don't  
all dimensions covered (you know the end) ] — (A)  
(Harsh Reality)

examiner  
match to  
model ans  
 $10 - 6 \times$   
10 ✓

think & write  
know to do  
this as early  
as possible.

(2) writing → coherent, logical, taking all the dimensions

Ex: what is your Name?

Intris

→ Jiva (how bondage)

→ Karma, Sayogi etc

Sol<sup>n</sup>(3) Karma → in general way (50-60) soul, karma, fruits of action

→ Thma → 8 types ( )  
4 4  
explain explain  
Relate with Sayogi and Ayogi.

Sol<sup>n</sup>(4) → Jainas philosophy is known as

→ explain Antekantuada